

***Granicus-Firmstep Ltd***



**GRANICUS**

***Health and Safety Handbook***

Prepared by

**Citation Ltd**

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## Amendment Record

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Version Comment</b>
2.0	20/12/2017	Lee Mockridge	All arrangement format update, review of mobile phone use arrangement,
3.0	07/10/2020	Patryk Kopczynski-Jungbeck	COVID 19 Management added in 2020.
4.0	12/11/2020	Rita Olah	Amendment to acknowledgement slip at client request.

## **Introduction**

In compliance with the requirement of Section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, Granicus-Firmstep Ltd are effectively discharging their statutory duties by preparing a written Health and Safety Policy. A copy of the policy and associated employee handbook, which outline our health and safety arrangements and organisational structure, are held at Granicus-Firmstep Ltd's main place of business.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd are aware that in order to ensure the health and safety policy is maintained effectively; it is essential that all references and information are up-to-date and accurate. Should any changes occur within the business e.g. introduction of new processes or systems etc. or, if changes occur that impact on the organisation of health and safety responsibilities, a nominated representative will liaise with Citation Ltd, whose Health and Safety Consultants will advise on any policy updates that are needed and arrange for such amendments to be forwarded.

The health and safety policy and management system requires constant monitoring by Granicus-Firmstep Ltd's management and reviewed particularly following changes to the business and following accidents or incidents to ensure continual legal compliance. Citation will review the policy at the time of annual inspection.

In order for Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to discharge its statutory duties, employees are required by law, to co-operate with management in all matters concerning the health, safety and welfare of themselves and any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions whilst at work. Granicus-Firmstep Ltd encourages all employees to inform management of any areas of the health and safety policy that they feel are inadequate or misrepresented to ensure that the policy is maintained as a true working document.

## **Health and Safety Policy Statement**

The following is a statement of the Business's health and safety policy in accordance with Section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974.

It is the policy of Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to ensure so far as is reasonably practicable, the health, safety and welfare of all employees working for the company and other persons who may be affected by our undertakings.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd acknowledges that the key to successful health and safety management requires an effective policy, organisation and arrangements, which reflect the commitment of senior management. To maintain that commitment, we will continually measure, monitor, improve and revise where necessary, an annual plan to ensure that health and safety standards are adequately maintained.

The Chief Executive Officer will implement the health and safety policy and recommend any changes to meet new circumstances. Granicus-Firmstep Ltd recognises that successful health and safety management contributes to successful business performance and will allocate adequate finances and resources to meet these needs.

The management of Granicus-Firmstep Ltd looks upon the promotion of health and safety measures as a mutual objective for themselves and employees. It is therefore, the policy of management to do all that is reasonably practicable to prevent personal injury and damage to property. Also, the organisation aims to protect everyone, including visitors and members of the public, insofar as they come into contact with our activities, from any foreseeable hazard or danger.

All employees have duties under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and are informed of their personal responsibilities to take due care of the health and safety of themselves and to ensure that they do not endanger other persons by their acts or omissions. Employees are also informed that they must co-operate with the organisation in order that it can comply with the legal requirements placed upon it and in the implementation of this policy. Granicus-Firmstep Ltd will ensure continued consultation with the workforce to enable all viewpoints and recommendations to be discussed at regular intervals.

The organisation will ensure a systematic approach to identifying hazards, assessing the risks, determining suitable and sufficient control measures and informing employees of the correct procedures needed to maintain a safe working environment. We will provide, so far as is reasonably practicable, safe places and systems of work, safe plant and machinery, safe handling of materials and substances, the provision of adequate safety equipment and ensure that appropriate information, instruction, training and supervision is given.

We regard all health and safety legislation as the minimum standard and expect management to achieve their targets without compromising health and safety.

**A signed copy of this statement is available on request.**

## **Environmental Statement**

We are committed to preventing pollution and to complying with all relevant environmental legislation, regulations and other environmental requirements.

We will regularly evaluate the environmental impact of our activities, products and services and we will take action to continually improve our environmental performance.

It is our policy to:

- Minimise the use of energy, water and natural resources
- Minimise waste through prevention, re-use and recycling where possible
- Dispose of waste safely and legally
- Avoid the use of hazardous materials, where practical
- Work with environmentally responsible suppliers
- Prevent environmental damage and minimise nuisance factors such as noise and air pollution.

We will define environmental objectives, targets and improvement actions that are related to this policy and to our significant environmental aspects. We will regularly evaluate progress.

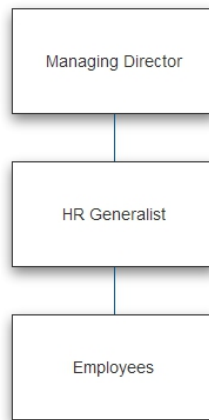
We are committed to providing relevant environmental training and promoting environmental awareness to employees and, where appropriate, to suppliers and to communicating our environmental performance.

We will implement processes to prevent environmental non-conformities and to ensure that we are prepared to deal with potential environmental emergencies.

This policy will be regularly reviewed and updated to take account of organisational priorities and changes, environmental legislation and best practice.

**A signed copy of this statement is available on request.**

## Safety Management Structure





## **Employer's Responsibilities**

As employers we have a duty to all employees, casual workers, part-time workers, trainees, visitors and sub-contractors who may be in our workplace or use work equipment provided by us. Consideration will also be given to our neighbours and the general public.

Management will ensure they:

- Assess all risks to worker's health and safety and bring the significant findings to the attention of employees
- Provide safe plant and equipment that is suitably maintained
- Provide a safe place of work with adequate facilities and safe access and egress
- Provide adequate training and information to all employees
- Have provisions in place to guarantee that articles and substances are handled and stored in a proper manner
- Provide health surveillance to employees where it is deemed necessary
- Appoint competent persons to help comply with health and safety law
- Provide employees and other workers who have little or no understanding of English, or who cannot read English, with adequate supervision, translation, interpreters or replace written notices with clearly understood symbols or diagrams.

### Employees Responsibilities

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 details two main sections which employees are required to comply with. These are: -

- All employees have a duty of care under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, section 7, to take reasonable care of himself/herself and any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions at work
- In addition to the above, Section 8 states that under no circumstances shall employees purposely or recklessly interfere or misuse anything provided in the interest of safety or welfare, lifesaving equipment, signs or firefighting equipment
- Employees also have a duty to assist and co-operate with Granicus-Firmstep Ltd and any other person to ensure all aspects of health and safety legislation are adhered to.

Employees are obliged to:

- Always follow safety rules, avoid improvisation and comply with the health and safety policy
- Only perform work that they are qualified to undertake
- Always store materials and equipment in a safe manner
- Never block emergency escape routes
- Always practice safe working procedures, refrain from horseplay and report all hazards and defective equipment
- Always wear suitable clothing and personal protective equipment for the task being undertaken
- Inform the First Aider or Appointed Person of all accidents that occur.

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations require all employees to: -

- Utilise all items that are provided for safety
- Comply with all safety instructions
- Report to management anything that they may consider to be of any danger
- Advise management of any areas where protection arrangements require reviewing.

#### Sub-Contractors/Self-Employed Personnel Responsibilities

Will be made aware of the organisation's health and safety policy, safety rules and:

- Will be fully aware of the responsibilities and requirements placed upon them by the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and other relevant legislation
- Will comply with all instructions given by management
- Will co-operate with Management to ensure a high standard of health and safety on all contracts with which they are involved
- Will carry out risk assessments in relation to their activities, ensure that adequate health and safety arrangements are implemented and co-operate as necessary with all affected parties
- Will comply with signing in and out procedures.

## Information For employees

Information regarding health and safety law is provided in a number of ways:

- Employees are provided with a copy of the 'Employee handbook'
- The approved poster "Health and Safety Law – What You Should Know" is displayed on the premises. This poster is completed with address of the local enforcing authority, the Employment Medical Advisory Service (EMAS) etc. and names of responsible persons
- Management and employees have access to our Health and Safety Management System that contains all relevant information with regard to recording and monitoring procedures.

## Joint Consultation

The Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations require all employers to consult with their employees who are not represented by safety representatives, as detailed in the Safety Representatives and Safety Committees Regulations.

We recognise the importance and benefits to be gained by consultation and will maintain clear avenues of communication to ensure effective consultation between management and employees. It is the responsibility of management to ensure that consultation takes place in good time on matters relating to employees health and safety at work.

If at any time the method of consultation becomes ineffective due to the size or nature of the Business then the organisation will recognise the rights of employees or groups of employees to elect one or more persons to act as their representative for the purpose of such consultation.

Health and safety will be on the agenda of all management meetings. Items that may be included in the meeting are:

- Review of accident statistics, near misses and trends
- New legislation
- Compliance with the objectives of the health and safety plan
- Occupational health issues
- Introduction of new technology
- Result of health and safety audits
- Review of significant findings identified by reports produced by Citation Ltd
- Completion of corrective actions
- Review of training needs.

Citation Ltd along with other professional bodies will inform senior management of any

relevant changes to health and safety. Management will disseminate this information to all relevant employees.

If any visitors or customers raise any concerns with regard to health and safety, senior management will investigate the issue and if required, take appropriate action to deal with the matter.

# **Alcohol And Drugs Misuse**

## Description

There is evidence that the effects of drinking or drug use or abuse can reduce personal performance and potentially increase absence rates. In jobs where safety is paramount, such as the transport industry, any form of a drug or alcohol related problem is a very serious matter and in some circumstances may be a criminal offence. The scope of this policy extends to alcohol, illicit drugs or substances and over-the-counter or prescription medication if abused or taken in an irresponsible manner.

## Associated Hazards

- Impairment of co-ordination
- Inability to drive or use equipment safely
- Lack of awareness, judgement and sense of danger.

## Disciplinary procedures

- If an alcohol or drug related problem comes to light that results in unacceptable behaviour or performance it may be dealt with in accordance with our disciplinary or capability procedures
- Behaviour or performance which is found to be unacceptable and related to alcohol or drug abuse, may, depending on the circumstances of the individual case, result in summary dismissal.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees must:

- Inform your line manager if you are taking any prescription medications that may affect your ability to safely operate vehicles, equipment, machinery or to carry out your duties
- Not attend work at any time whilst under the detrimental influence of alcohol or drugs
- Seek help voluntarily if they recognise they have an alcohol or drug related problem
- Inform the CEO if they are aware that any employees have an alcohol or drug related problem that is affecting their work. This will ensure that employees receive the necessary support and assistance.

# **Cleaning and Disinfection**

## Description

Everyone involved in the workplace must be committed to ensuring that satisfactory standards of hygiene are achieved. The requisite standards will be clearly and effectively communicated and reinforced by management. Cleaning schedules will be developed as a communication link between management and staff and are necessary to ensure that premises and equipment are cleaned effectively and if necessary, disinfected.

## Associated Hazards

- Chemical storage and handling
- Mixing of chemicals in different containers
- Slips, trips and falls
- Dermatitis.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Co-operate with the employer in relation to maintaining a clean and tidy workplace
- Follow training, guidance and instruction to prevent injury or ill health
- Make use of any personal protective equipment provided
- Report to the employer any hazardous or dangerous situation
- Co-operate with management arrangements for health and safety.

## **Covid-19 Management**

### Description

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is a highly infectious disease caused by a novel Corona Virus which emerged 2019 and has led to a global Pandemic leading to widespread deaths across the world including a significant number in the UK.

Whilst symptoms can vary amongst individuals typical diagnosed symptoms include:

- Fever (hot to touch on chest and back)
- New persistent dry cough(coughing a lot for more than an hour or 3 or more coughing episodes in 24 hours. If the individual usually has a cough, it may be worse than usual
- Anosmia – loss of sense of smell or taste or things tasting noticeably different

However, there are many other less common symptoms and many people may be infected without displaying symptoms but are still able to transmit the virus to others.

The transmission of the virus is predominately through the spread of respiratory droplets from coughs and sneezes, but these droplets can also remain on surfaces and lead to transmission from surface contact with these infected items or fomites.

The risk of transmission cannot be totally eliminated other than absolute avoidance of any form of personal interaction and complete segregation in the workforce. However, it can be reduced to a safe level through the following actions:

- Maintaining the advised social distance from people
- Increasing hand hygiene (washing and sanitising)
- Increase respiratory hygiene (catching coughs and sneezes and disposal of tissue)
- Increased cleaning of common touched surfaces.

### Associated Hazards

Most people who are infected with this virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and recover without requiring special medical treatment, however, others will go onto to develop complications associated with the virus and require hospital intervention. For some the infection and its subsequent complications may ultimately end up proving fatal.

Many people have been identified as being at increased risk of developing complications from the virus leading to more significant outcomes and therefore must take extra care to reduce the risk of catching the virus. These include people who have been identified as clinically vulnerable and those who are clinically extremely vulnerable due to their age or underlying health conditions or because they are pregnant. There is also an increased mortality rate for persons from Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic backgrounds (BAME).

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees will

- Take care of themselves and others in the workplace where activities give rise to the potential for Covid-19 infection
- Adhere to the Social Distancing requirements by following instructions, signage, markings and training
- Observe good hygiene practices at all times with frequent hand washing or sanitising for at least 20 seconds, including before and after eating, touching the face, touching common touched surfaces such as buttons, dials, handrail and handles, coughing and sneezing
- Carry out good respiratory hygiene practices including catching coughs and sneezes in tissues which are disposed of correctly followed by good hand hygiene afterwards
- Follow the further controls in the risk assessment and work plan methods to ensure that where Social Distancing cannot be maintained the risk is reduced by other means
- Use, store and dispose of the appropriate PPE and RPE in accordance with training and manufacturers guidelines
- Report to management if they feel unwell at work with any of the Covid-19 symptoms and go directly home to carry out self-isolation
- Not attend work if they should be self-isolating due to displaying symptoms or residing with someone who is displaying symptoms, if they have been contacted by NHS Test and Trace and asked to isolate or if they are required to due to recent travel and quarantine requirements. Duration of isolation should be determined from up to date government information.
- Will follow the appropriate isolation/quarantine procedures in line with the current Government guidance on travel into the UK.
- Report any concerns or issues relating to non-conformance with Covid-19 Controls
- Attend Covid-19 tests where there is a requirement to do so and engage with the NHS Test and Trace system accordingly as well as informing their employer.



# **Diabetes**

## Description

In the UK, 1.4 million people are diagnosed with diabetes mellitus. It is likely that more people have the condition, but have yet to be formally diagnosed. Diabetes is the leading cause of blindness in the country and can lead to serious complications such as heart disease, kidney failure and stroke.

For each affected employee, the level of treatment will vary greatly from individual to individual and within each individual from day to day. It may therefore be necessary to seek specialist advice.

## Symptoms Associated With Diabetes

- Weakness, faintness or hunger
- Palpitations and muscle tremors
- Strange actions or behaviour where the casualty may seem confused or drunk, belligerent or may even be violent
- Sweating
- Pallor
- Cold clammy skin
- A strong pulse
- Deteriorating level of response
- Shallow breathing.

The person may have a warning card (medic – alert) or bracelet, sugar lumps, tablets or an insulin syringe (which may look like a pen) among their possessions.

## Employees Responsibilities

- To co-operate with the employer in relation to health and safety arrangements
- Follow any training, guidance and instruction
- Report any accident or incident to the employer.

**Furthermore, diabetic employee's responsibilities include :-**

- Alerting the employer if their condition is having an adverse effect on their day-to-day ability to work or increase the likelihood of an accident
- Notifying the employer and the DVLA if:
  - receiving treatment with insulin where the job entails driving any type of vehicle or
  - receiving any type of medication for diabetes where the job entails driving Group 2 vehicles (bus, coach or lorry).

If the condition is managed by diet or non-insulin medication (or both) there is no obligation to inform the DVLA provided the employee is free from certain diabetes related complications, listed on the DVLA website, or has not been advised to do so by their GP, specialist or optician.

- Co-operation with the management arrangements for health and safety
- Following any training, guidance and instruction provided by the employer.

## **Disciplinary Rules**

### Description

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd believes that health and safety is a critical factor that needs to be taken into account when running a business. To enable the company to control safety, a number of safety rules have been established. Failure to comply with these rules may result in disciplinary action.

### Employees Responsibilities

- To take care of the health and safety of themselves and others
- To co-operate with their employer
- To not misuse or interfere with anything provided for health, safety and welfare
- To report any identified hazards to their employer
- To comply with clearly indicated and specific safety rules
- To wear safety clothing or equipment provided
- Conduct themselves in such a way that they do not create a potential risk of injury or danger to themselves or to anyone else.

# **Display Screen Equipment (DSE)**

## Description

Display Screen Equipment (DSE) based work can potentially have serious effects on health.

DSE users can experience a range of different physical and psychological health problems including eyestrain, blurred vision, headaches, and musculoskeletal problems including repetitive strain injury (RSI) and work related upper limb disorders (WRULD).

Problems are caused by a combination of badly designed jobs, equipment and work environment. However, most of these conditions are preventable by giving attention to the way in which work is organised, and providing appropriate equipment and workplaces.

## Associated Hazards

- Musculoskeletal injuries
- Repetitive Strain Injury (RSI)
- Work related upper limb disorders (WRULD)
- Visual fatigue
- Stress.

## Employees Have A Responsibility

- To inform the employer in confidence as soon as possible if a health problem arises through the use of display screen equipment
- To work in accordance with any advice or guidance given by the employer
- To familiarise themselves with the contents of the relevant risk assessments
- Request Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to arrange and pay for eye and eyesight tests where required and if the employee is identified as a user of DSE equipment.

# **Doors**

## Description

All doors within the premises must be designed, installed and maintained, so that employees and visitors can utilise them without risk of injury.

## Associated Hazards

- Fire/Products of combustion
- Slips, trips and falls
- Object movement
- Struck by moving object
- Entrapment.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Not to chock or wedge fire doors open
- Report any damage to doors, fixings or signs to the employer
- Report any accidents or near misses to the employer.

# **Driving At Work**

## Description

It has been estimated that up to one third of all road traffic accidents involve somebody who is 'at work' at the time, making work-related road collisions the biggest single safety issue for many UK businesses. Promoting safe driving practices and a good safety culture at work is also beneficial to private driving, and could reduce the potential for employees getting injured in a road traffic accident whilst away from work.

## Associated Hazards

- The driver: with no competency, no training, poor fitness and health
- The vehicle: suitability, mechanical condition, safety equipment (seat belts) and ergonomic considerations
- The journey: routes, scheduling, time, distance, weather conditions
- Crime: theft, violence, personal injury, property damage.

## Mobile Telephones

The Road Safety Act sets fixed penalty fines and points for using a hand-held phone whilst driving. Penalties also apply for not having proper control of a vehicle - a measure that can also be used where a driver has been distracted by using a hands-free mobile phone.

Where necessary, hands-free kits will be provided to employees who are required to use mobile telephones whilst working away from the premises.

Under no circumstances are employees permitted to use hand-held telephones other than via hands free kits, or similar hand-held devices whilst driving. The prohibition also applies when stationary at traffic lights or other delays that may occur.

## Mobile Phone Use

- If mobile phones are used whilst driving it is important that the phone is held in a cradle. Drivers still risk prosecution (for failure to have proper control) even if they use hands-free phones when driving.

The following guidance is given to all drivers who are required to use mobile phone hands-free kits: –

- Only use the phone when it is safe to do so
- Understand how your phone operates
- Only acknowledge incoming calls on a hands-free system where answering is automatic or one touch button

- Only use short responses and indicate that you will return the call when it is safe to do so. Only use the mobile phone when it is essential to do so and do not talk longer than is necessary
- Whenever possible, drivers should not make outgoing calls whilst driving
- When making calls to, or receiving calls from mobile phones, always ask whether it is safe to speak.

### Employees Responsibilities

- Employees must follow any advice, information, instruction and training given by the employer
- All employees who are expected to drive on company business must have a valid drivers' licence for the class of vehicle they are driving
- Employees must provide a copy of their driving licence, on request and declare any driving convictions.
- Employees using their own vehicles for work should also provide a copy of their insurance certificate and a valid MOT certificate for the vehicle where applicable
- Drivers must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the vehicle is adequate for the purpose including being roadworthy, is in safe mechanical condition, is not overloaded, loads are secure and seat belts are worn
- Drivers shall comply with traffic legislation and The Highway Code, be conscious of road safety and demonstrate safe driving
- Employees driving vehicles on company business will not be under the influence of drink or drugs and must not drive whilst disqualified
- Drivers must stop after a crash or similar incident with which they are involved
- Employees must inform management if they become aware of any medical condition or take medication that might affect their ability to drive
- Promptly report defects, hazards and concerns to management.

### Personal Safety – Staying Safe In Your Vehicle

#### Plan Ahead:-

- Check your route; keep a map in the vehicle
- Check if the place you are visiting has parking. If not, try and use a manned, well-lit car park
- Check you have enough fuel
- Check basic vehicle maintenance, i.e. oil, water, tyre pressure etc

- Check vehicle breakdown cover and keep the number with you
- Check you have something in the vehicle to keep you warm, e.g. coat or blanket, bottle of water, food snack and a torch in the event of unexpected, lengthy delay due to road traffic accident or inclement weather
- Ensure your office know where you are travelling to, whom you are meeting, and your expected time of return. Inform them if you change your journey plan
- Take a mobile phone with you and ensure it is fully charged (do not use the phone whilst driving)
- Keep any valuables, including handbags, mobile phones and laptops out of sight. They can easily be snatched when you stop at traffic lights, especially if windows are left open and doors unlocked
- Do not leave luggage or documents on display within your vehicle
- Do not leave the parking ticket on display – unless it is a requirement of the car park facility
- When returning to your vehicle, immediately lock the doors and drive off promptly
- Avoid taking unnecessary risks – be aware - if someone is flagging you down it may not be genuine. You may be as much help by reporting the incident by phone to the emergency services
- Do not get into a vehicle with a stranger, or offer a stranger a lift.

#### In the Event of a Vehicle Breakdown

- Try to reach the side of the road and contact the vehicle breakdown services. Advise them if you are female and alone
- Switch on hazard warning lights
- If someone stops, ring the police and give them the vehicle registration details. If the driver approaches, inform him/her you have contacted the police who will be arriving shortly. Avoid opening doors or windows to converse with strangers
- If you decide to get out of the vehicle and await breakdown assistance (this is dependant on how safe you feel outside the vehicle) ensure you take the ignition key with you. Lock all the doors with the exception of the passenger door. This should be left wide open so you can quickly get back into the vehicle. If you breakdown on a motorway hard shoulder it is always advisable to get out of the vehicle and await assistance behind a barrier or away from the road side



- When the breakdown vehicle arrives, check they know your name and have your details – especially if the vehicle you were expecting is not clearly identifiable, e.g., AA, RAC.

# Electricity

## Description

The safe management of electrical installations and equipment is essential to our business. It is therefore imperative that electrical systems and equipment are designed, constructed, selected, maintained and used with care. Not only is there a potential for harm, but loss of power supply could impact our ability to conduct business and force temporary closure.

## Associated Hazards

- Direct or indirect contact with live parts, causing shock, burns, heart fibrillation and tissue damage
- Faults that could cause a fire due to equipment overheating
- Fire or explosion where electrical arcing could be the source of ignition
- Contact with overhead lines.

## Portable equipment and testing

Definition - Equipment, which is not part of a fixed installation but is able to be connected to a fixed installation, or a generator, by means of a flexible cable via a plug and socket assembly.

This includes equipment that is either hand-held or hand operated while connected to the supply, or is intended to be moved while connected to the supply.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd is responsible for ensuring that all portable electrical appliances are maintained in a safe condition and inspected at suitable intervals. Equipment will be marked to identify the date tested. The results of inspections shall be logged and records made available for inspection.

Experience of operating the maintenance system over a period, together with information on faults found, should be used to review the frequency of inspection. It should also be used to review whether and how often equipment and associated leads and plugs should receive a combined inspection and test.

Any defective equipment will be removed from use until it can be repaired/replaced, with remedial action being recorded. All items of equipment that cannot be repaired will be withdrawn from use. Under no circumstances will any makeshift or temporary electrical repairs be made on any electrical equipment.

On occasion, we may hire-in equipment from a reputable supplier. This equipment must be treated the same as company equipment and not subjected to abuse or neglect.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees have a responsibility for: -

- Co-operating with management arrangements for electrical safety in the workplace
- Visually checking equipment before use for any obvious defects such as cable or casing damage or scorch marks
- Reporting any defects, faults or dangerous activities
- Using equipment only in line with the manufacturers operating instructions e.g. jet washer used with additional RCD or RCBO protection
- Complying with safety rules and use work permits/lock out procedures as applicable
- Not bringing personal electrical equipment onto company premises without prior authorisation from management. If allowed, any such equipment must be tested in accordance with company procedures
- Gaining permission before using extension leads or adaptors
- Switching off any non-critical equipment when not in use
- Not attempting repairs to electrical appliances or circuits unless qualified to do so
- Exercising caution when placing drinks near to appliances or power outlets.

# **Emergency Plans**

## Description

As part of our overall Health & Safety Management plan we will create not only a safe working environment but provide a suitable and sufficient means of controlling emergency situations, e.g. rescuing or retrieving persons who may become unavoidably trapped, collapse of a structure or uncontrolled release of a substance etc.

This will not however diminish any responsibility on our part, to do all that is reasonably practicable to prevent such an event occurring in the first place.

## Associated Hazards

- Fire and explosion
- Flooding
- Asphyxiation
- Working at height or in confined spaces
- Hazardous substances
- Collapse of structures and excavations
- Bomb threat
- Spillage.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Co-operate and follow directions of responsible persons in order to comply with the emergency procedures
- Attend training in the actions to be taken in the event of an emergency
- Raise the alarm on discovering an emergency situation
- Only use emergency equipment if trained and authorised to use such equipment
- Report immediately any faults, damage to emergency equipment or concerns with emergency plans.

# **Epilepsy**

## Description

Epilepsy is defined as having repeated seizures, which start in the brain. A brief disturbance to the brain's normal electrical activity causes the nerve cells to fire off random signals. The result is like an electrical storm that causes a temporary overload in the brain.

There are many different kinds of seizure. Some end in seconds while others may last several minutes. People affected might lose awareness of what is happening or where they are during a seizure and they may lose consciousness altogether. Each person's experience of epilepsy is unique.

## Recognition Of Minor Epilepsy

- Sudden 'switching off'; the casualty may be staring blankly ahead
- Slight and localised twitching or jerking of the lips, eyelids, head or limbs
- Odd 'automatic' movements such as lip smacking, chewing, or making noises.

## Associated Hazards

Some jobs can carry considerable risk to a person who has frequent seizures and their colleagues. These can include working: -

- At heights or underground
- Near open water
- On heavy, unguarded machinery or driving
- With hot ovens or open fires
- With high voltage/open circuit electricity.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Co-operate with the employer in relation to health and safety arrangements
- Follow any training, guidance and instruction
- Report any accident or incident to the employer.

Employees suffering from Epilepsy have an additional duty to:

- Alert the employer if his/her epilepsy is having an adverse effect on his/her day-to-day ability to work
- Where necessary, to inform the employer if the condition could increase the risk of an accident at work
- If part of your job includes driving, to notify the employer and the DVLA if receiving treatment or tablets. Notification to the DVLA is a strict legal requirement
- To follow any training, guidance and instruction provided by the employer.

# Fire

## Description

Fire prevention is an important obligation for all businesses. Granicus-Firmstep Ltd has a responsibility for ensuring the health, safety and welfare of all employees and others who may have access to the workplace as well as adjoining businesses or premises. These general duties include safety in relation to fire hazards, both from the work processes and activities, as well as general fire safety in the workplace.

It is the policy of Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to ensure that all employees, visitors, relevant persons and contractors are protected from the risks of fire. In order to achieve this, appropriate fire prevention, precautionary and evacuation measures shall be taken in compliance with the relevant fire legislation and recognised good practice standards.

## Associated Hazards

- Flames and heat
- Smoke and toxic fumes
- Reduced oxygen
- Collapse of buildings.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees are required to:

- Practice and promote fire prevention
- Raise the alarm on discovery of a fire
- Report any concerns regarding fire safety to management, so that any shortfalls can be investigated and remedial action taken
- Receive basic training in the action to take in the event of fire
- Follow instructions and training in relation to fire safety in the workplace
- Co-operate with management arrangements for fire prevention in the workplace
- Accept individual responsibility to take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves and for any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd does not expect employees to fight fires, however, extinguishing action can be undertaken if it is safe to do so and you have been trained.

**On no account should a closed room be opened to fight a fire.**

## **Fire Action**

### If You Discover A Fire

- Immediately operate the nearest alarm call point or notify the senior person present
- Attack the fire (only if trained and if safe to do so) with the appliances provided. **Do not take personal risks.**

The Senior Person Present will call the fire service immediately by:

- Using the phone to dial 999
- Giving the operator the telephone number and asking for the fire service.

When the fire service reply, give the response distinctly:

- *"We have a fire at Granicus-Firmstep Ltd"* and give the operator the full address including post code, from which the call is being made
- Do not replace the receiver until the fire service has confirmed the details.

**Call the fire service immediately to every fire or on suspicion of a fire.**

### On Notification Of A Fire

- The Senior Person Present will take charge of the evacuation and ensure that everybody is accounted for
- As soon as the alarm is heard, all non-essential personnel and visitors will leave the building by the nearest available exit and proceed to the nominated fire assembly point as identified on the fire action notices
- Remaining personnel will proceed with the phased evacuation of young people to an area of safety.

The Senior Person Present will liaise with the fire officer in attendance, and arrange such assistance as the fire service may require.

**Use the nearest available exit.**

**Do not stop to collect personal belongings.**

**Do not re-enter the building until told to do so by the Senior Fire Officer.**

**In the event of a fire, the safety of a life shall override all other considerations, such as saving property or extinguishing the fire.**



# **First Aid In The Workplace**

## Description

People at work can sustain an injury or become ill and it is important that they receive immediate attention and that an ambulance is called for in serious situations. The provision of adequate first aid cover is essential, it can save lives and prevent minor injuries becoming major ones.

## Associated Hazards

- Bodily injuries: blows, cuts, impact, crushing, stabs, cuts, grazes, scalds, falls
- Illnesses: asthma, diabetes, epilepsy etc.

## First-Aiders Are Responsible For:

- Undertaking an appropriate training course and, if required, attending refresher courses annually so that their certificates are up to date
- Assessing the immediate situation where first aid is being applied, acting without placing themselves or others in danger and making the area safe
- Administering first aid as required but within their capabilities. Where there is any doubt, managing the situation while waiting for medical assistance to arrive.

## Appointed Persons Are Responsible For:

- Calling for the appropriate medical assistance
- Ensuring first aid kits are checked regularly and contents are in date and information signs up to date and legible
- Notifying the designated person if there are any entries in the accident book.

## Employees Responsibilities

To reduce the risks of suffering personal injury or delay in getting treatment, employees must:

- Co-operate with management arrangements for first aid in the workplace
- Know the procedure for summoning help
- Follow any guidance or instruction given, to prevent injury or ill health
- Report any hazardous or dangerous situations to the employer.

# **Hazard Reporting**

## Description

A hazard is something that has the potential to cause harm, ill health or injury, the associated risk is the likelihood that a hazard will cause harm during the course of the work activity.

## Associated Hazards

- Tripping on trailing wires or loose floor coverings
- Faulty electrical fittings
- Unguarded edges
- Obstructed emergency exit routes.

***N.B. This list of hazards is not exhaustive.***

Near misses are hazardous incidents with the potential to cause an injury, e.g. employees tripped over a trailing cable but no injury occurred.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Employees are to use the hazard reporting system as a means of communicating potentially dangerous situations or practices that may be present in the workplace; this is to be done verbally and in writing using the forms provided.
- When a hazard has been identified, it must be reported immediately to your Supervisor. It is their duty to assess the situation and introduce the necessary control measures, so far as is reasonably practicable, to prevent injury or unsafe conditions.

# **Health Surveillance**

## Description

Health surveillance is conducted by observation, communication and systematically watching for early signs of work-related ill health. Health surveillance is essential if there is an identifiable disease or adverse health effect which is related to the employees exposure to a health risk, and a risk assessment has identified as having a reasonable likelihood of occurring under the particular work conditions involved.

It requires the implementation of certain procedures to achieve this, including simple methods (i.e. looking for skin damage on hands), technical checks (i.e. audiology tests) or more involved medical examinations.

Some hazardous substances require health surveillance as a condition of use.

## Associated Hazards Include

- Noise
- Whole body or hand-arm vibration
- Solvents, fumes, dusts, biological agents and other hazardous substances
- Dermatitis
- Asthma
- Asbestos, lead or work in compressed air
- Ionising radiations
- Diving.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Employees must co-operate with their employer on matters of health and safety. This extends to health surveillance where it has been identified as a necessary control measure or where there is a specific statutory requirement
- If any employees have a concern about their health and safety, that of others affected by their work or encounters symptoms of ill health, they must inform their manager immediately.

# **Housekeeping**

## Description

Poor standards of housekeeping are a common cause of injury and damage at work and can create possible fire hazards. Unsatisfactory housekeeping is often the result of poor working practices, lack of direct supervision and/or organisational deficiencies within the workplace.

## Associated Hazards

- Fire
- Slipping, tripping/falling over
- Poor cleanliness
- Dirty equipment
- Cluttered pedestrian gangways.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees must:

- Co-operate with management arrangements for good housekeeping in the workplace
- Follow any guidance and instruction given to prevent injury or ill health
- Report to the employer any hazardous or dangerous situations.

# **Information, Instruction, Supervision and Training**

## Description

Preventing accidents and ill health caused by work is a key priority for Granicus-Firmstep Ltd. Health and safety information, instruction, supervision and training helps the company to ensure our employees are not injured or made ill by the work they do; promotes a positive safety culture, where safe and healthy working becomes second nature to everyone; and enables the company to meet its legal duty to protect the health and safety of our employees.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees will: -

- Attend any training courses identified as necessary
- Follow training, guidance and instruction to prevent injury or ill health
- Only undertake duties if they have been deemed competent to do so following suitable instruction and training
- Report to their line manager any hazardous or dangerous situations.

# Lighting

## Description

Providing adequate lighting levels to enable people to work is a basic necessity. Good lighting that considers physiological and psychological needs of employees will create a work environment that is welcoming, energising and productive.

## Associated Hazards

- Bodily injuries
- Slipping/falling over
- Electrical hazards
- Poor housekeeping.

## Emergency Lighting

Emergency lighting may be needed to illuminate an escape route in an emergency evacuation (escape lighting), or to allow continued working or help evacuation of areas deficient in natural light, should the normal lighting fail (standby lighting).

Escape lighting will be provided to: –

- Clearly indicate the escape route
- Allow safe movement along the route and through exits
- Ensure fire-fighting equipment, call-points and other emergency gear can be readily located and any instructions seen.

Escape lighting should come on within five seconds of the failure of normal lighting, and provide at least 1-lux luminance at floor level. While this will seem 'gloomy', it is sufficient for safe movement during an emergency. The aim is to provide a similar level of lighting as moonlight.

The area immediately outside the final exit should be illuminated, to help dispersal of those leaving the premises in a hurry during night-time hours. For most purposes, a back-up lighting duration of between one and three hours should be satisfactory.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees must: -

- Report any defective lighting to the employer
- Report any discomfort experienced as a consequence of lighting in the workplace
- Co-operate with management arrangements for workplace lighting.

# **Lone Working**

## Description

Lone workers can be anyone who works by his/herself without direct contact or supervision. Examples include: - a person working on their own in a workshop, home workers, persons working in an office on their own, persons working outside normal hours on their own and mobile or peripatetic workers.

## Associated Hazards

- Accidents
- Fire
- Inadequate provision of rest, hygiene and welfare
- Violence whilst at work
- Manual handling activities
- Transport breakdown/accident en route
- Severe weather conditions
- Tracing of home address through vehicle registration
- Injury received whilst entering unsafe premises
- Poor visibility and lighting.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees who are recognised as lone workers, must: -

- Co-operate with the employer by following rules and procedures designed to protect their safety as a lone worker
- Attend personal safety training programmes as directed by the employer
- Provide information on their whereabouts during working hours to the employer
- Report all incidents relating to lone working using Granicus-Firmstep Ltd reporting procedure.

# Maintenance

## Description

Every year, there are a number of accidents arising from the use of work equipment, including machinery. Many are serious and some are fatal.

By using safe, well maintained equipment, operated by adequately trained staff, accidents and associated financial costs can be reduced or prevented. Maintenance includes cleaning and adjusting.

## Associated Hazards

- Scheduled maintenance not being undertaken as required or breakdown maintenance inadequate, leading to unrevealed failures of safety critical items
- Human error or incompetence of maintenance staff
- Static or spark discharge during maintenance in an intrinsically safe zone
- Poor communication between maintenance staff and employees
- Lack of knowledge by maintenance staff of the working environment where maintenance is being carried out (i.e. lack of risk assessments, warning signs, method statements, emergency procedures), leading to ignition of flammable substances (e.g. heat sources such as cigarettes or welding, static and electrical discharge, use of non spark-resistant tools) or injury/fatality from incorrect personal protective equipment (e.g. respirators) being worn
- Unauthorised staff performing maintenance functions
- Failure to re-commission plant correctly after maintenance to ensure that operations are not adversely affected in terms of safety considerations.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees must:-

- Follow instruction, guidance and safe systems of work in respect of machinery maintenance
- Notify the employer of any problems or hazards on a machine, such as an unguarded part
- Not carry out any maintenance activities on machinery unless trained to do so
- Co-operate with management arrangements for maintenance of machinery
- Make full and proper use of all PPE that has been issued to them.



# **Manual Handling**

## Description

Manual handling injuries can occur wherever people are at work. Manual labour, awkward postures, manual materials handling and previous or existing injury are all risk factors implicated in the development of manual handling injuries. Manual handling is defined as the supporting and transporting of a load by human effort and includes lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling or carrying.

## Associated Hazards

- Heavy, unstable or unpredictable loads
- Restrictive working environment
- Uneven or wet floors
- Poor manual handling technique.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees involved with manual handling activity should: -

- Follow the safe system of work designed and introduced by the employer and should not deviate from this without good reason
- Not undertake a manual handling activity when a reasonably practicable alternative exists
- Use any mechanical aids that have been provided for their use and for which they have been trained. Any faults with mechanical aids should be immediately reported to the employer
- Assist and co-operate with the process of the assessment of risk
- Assist the employer with the implementation of staff training, attend training sessions as required and should apply the knowledge gained from training to their daily work
- Report all accidents, injuries and near misses involving handling activities – however trivial
- Inform the employer if they are unable to undertake their normal manual handling duties because of injury, illness or any other condition
- Not undertake any manual handling operation that they believe is beyond their capability
- Report any unsafe systems of work to the employer.

# **Method Statements**

## Description

A method statement sets out how a particular process, project or activity will be carried out. It is commonly used to describe how construction or installation works will be carried out safely and will detail the possible dangers and risks associated with the project. Risk assessment findings will generally be incorporated into the method statement.

## Associated Hazards

- Construction work
- Hazardous substances including dusts
- Asbestos
- Explosives
- Lifting operations
- Demolition work
- Working at height
- Confined spaces
- Adverse weather conditions
- Manual handling operations.

Note: this list is not exhaustive.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees must: -

- Carry out work in accordance with the method statement
- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of method statements
- Report any uncontrolled hazards to the employer
- Follow instruction, training and guidance given by the employer.

## **Mobile Telephones**

It is an offence for a person to drive a motor vehicle if they cannot have proper control of the vehicle.

The Road Safety Act sets fixed penalty fines and points for using a hand-held phone while driving. Penalties also apply for not having proper control of a vehicle - a measure that can also be used where a driver has been distracted by using a hands-free mobile phone.

If required, hands-free kits will be provided to members of staff who are required to use mobile telephones whilst working away from the premises.

Under no circumstances are employees permitted to use hand-held telephones or any similar hand-held device e.g. Personal Data Assistant (PDA) or Palm Pilot whilst driving. The prohibition also applies when stopped at traffic lights or during other hold-ups that may occur during a typical journey when a vehicle can be expected to move off after a short while.

To comply with legislation, it is important that the phone is sat in a cradle (not resting on a seat or in a pocket) fitted in a position that would not distract you from the road during use.

Drivers still risk prosecution (for failure to have proper control) even if they use hands-free phones when driving.

The following guidance is given to all drivers who are required to use mobile phone hands-free kits:-

- Only use the phone when it is safe to do so
- Understand how your phone operates and utilise the one-touch speed-dial facility
- Only acknowledge incoming calls on a hands-free system, where answering is automatic or one touch button
- Only use short responses and indicate that you will return the call when it is safe to do so.

Whenever possible, drivers should delay making outgoing calls whilst travelling.

### General Use Of Mobile Phones

Only use the mobile phone when it is essential to do so and do not use the phone any longer than is necessary.

Do not press the telephone to your ear or the side of your head; try to leave a gap between your ear and the handset if possible.

When making calls to, or receiving calls from mobile phones, always ask whether it is safe to speak.

## **Monitoring, Inspection And Review**

### Description

There is a legal requirement to monitor and review health and safety arrangements. This enables organisations to assess how effectively risks are controlled in order to implement improvements, where required, and to develop a positive health and safety culture and safe working environment. The frequency of monitoring and review will be decided by the level of risks, competence of people, legal requirements, results of accidents and recommendations by manufacturers or suppliers of equipment.

Monitoring includes:-

- Checking compliance in following the Granicus-Firmstep Ltd Health and Safety Policy, control measures stated in risk assessments and safe systems of work
- Inspecting and testing of work equipment
- Inspecting workplace locations and activities
- Checking competence of workers
- Checking the wellbeing and health of workers.

### Employees Responsibilities

Employees must:-

- Check equipment, including any personal protective equipment supplied, is safe before use
- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of workplace inspections
- Follow any training, information, guidance and instruction given by the employer for checking and inspection of safe practices
- Report any hazards or defects to the employer immediately.

# **New And Expectant Mothers**

## Description

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd is committed to protecting the health and safety of all new and expectant mothers. The phrase "new and expectant mother" means an employee who is pregnant, or who has given birth within the previous six months or who is breastfeeding. "Given birth" is defined as having delivered a living child or, after 24 weeks of pregnancy, delivered a stillborn child.

## Associated Hazards

- Physical agents (e.g. manual handling tasks or noise)
- Biological agents (e.g. infectious diseases)
- Chemical agents (e.g. certain hazardous substances)
- Working conditions (e.g. workload, working alone or stress).

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees will:-

- Report to their employer as soon as pregnancy is confirmed
- Follow advice and information given by their employer in relation to safe working practices
- Report any hazardous situation to their employer so that arrangements for the appropriate remedial action can be taken
- Co-operate with their employer's arrangements for health and safety and use all protective and safety equipment provided.

# **Noise**

## Description

Hearing damage caused by exposure to noise at work can be permanent and incurable. Hearing loss is usually gradual due to prolonged exposure to noise. The damaging effects of noise are related to the level of noise the ear receives and the duration of the exposure.

## Associated Hazards

- Hearing damage/loss
- Tinnitus
- Acoustic shock.

Employers are required by the Control of Noise at Work Regulations to comply with the following noise exposure values:-

### **Lower exposure action values: -**

- Daily or weekly exposure of 80dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 135dB(C).

### **Upper exposure action values: -**

- Daily or weekly exposure of 85dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 137dB(C).

There are also **Exposure Limit Values (ELV)** which must not be exceeded:-

- Daily or weekly personal noise exposure of 87dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 140dB (C).

The ELV should account for any hearing protection provided and worn.

## Employees Responsibilities

To minimise the risks posed by exposure to excessive noise levels, employees will: -

- Comply with signs and notices that identify hearing protection zones
- Wear hearing protection where its use is mandatory. Use, keep clean and store hearing protection as instructed and as trained to do. Report any faults of the hearing protection to management
- Use the controls provided e.g. screens or dampers and report any defects
- Co-operate and attend for hearing checks where required
- Report any noisy areas or equipment to management.



# **Portable Electrical Appliances**

## Description

Portable electrical appliances are found in most workplaces and include power tools, portable lighting, computer equipment, kitchen appliances, portable heaters and equipment such as cable extension leads. Where equipment is powered from the mains electrical supply there may be a significant electrical hazard that will need to be specifically controlled.

## Associated Hazards

- Shock or burns
- Uncontrolled start up of equipment
- Fire or explosion
- Trips and falls.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Visually check the equipment before and during use looking for signs of faults, overheating or damage to the equipment including to the wiring, plugs, casing and any guarding
- Immediately stop work if faults are found and report any defects to the supervisor
- Do not carry out any repairs or adjustments to equipment unless trained to do so
- Take care of the equipment that has been provided
- Disconnect the equipment from the supply before making any adjustments
- Ensure that equipment is plugged into the correct supply by an approved method, do not attempt to use a makeshift temporary connection.



# **Risk Assessment**

## Description

In many workplaces there are risks, which may affect the health and safety of employees. There is an absolute duty on employers to 'conduct suitable and sufficient risk assessments' in the workplace, under Regulation 3 of the management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations. In many instances, straightforward measures can control risks, and whilst the law does not expect employers to eliminate all risks, they are required to protect people so far as is reasonably practicable.

## Associated Hazards

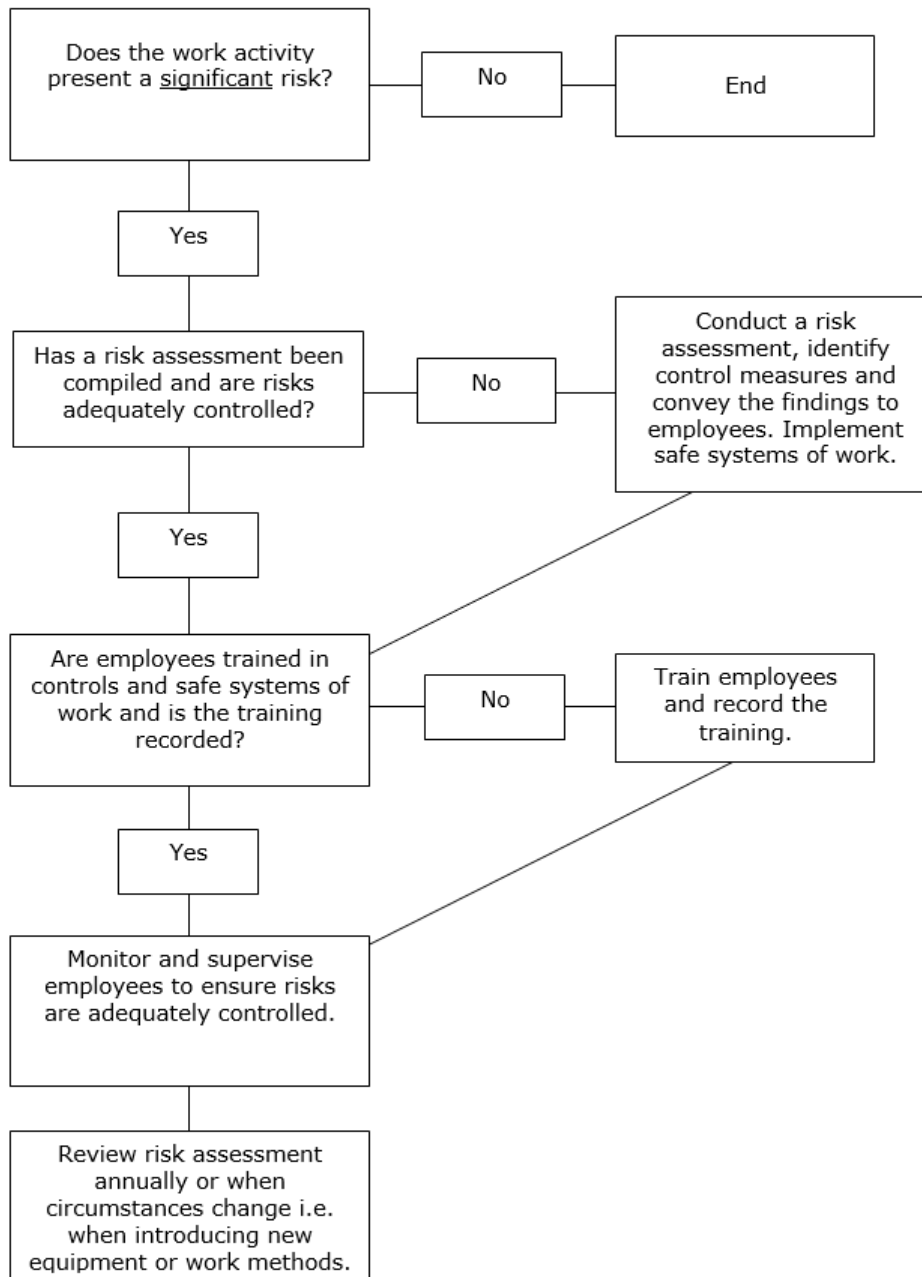
- Physical, chemical and/or biological agents
- Working conditions and processes
- Manual handling activities
- Exposure to infectious diseases
- Work-related stress
- Long working hours
- Workstations and posture
- Other workplace hazards.

## Employees Responsibilities

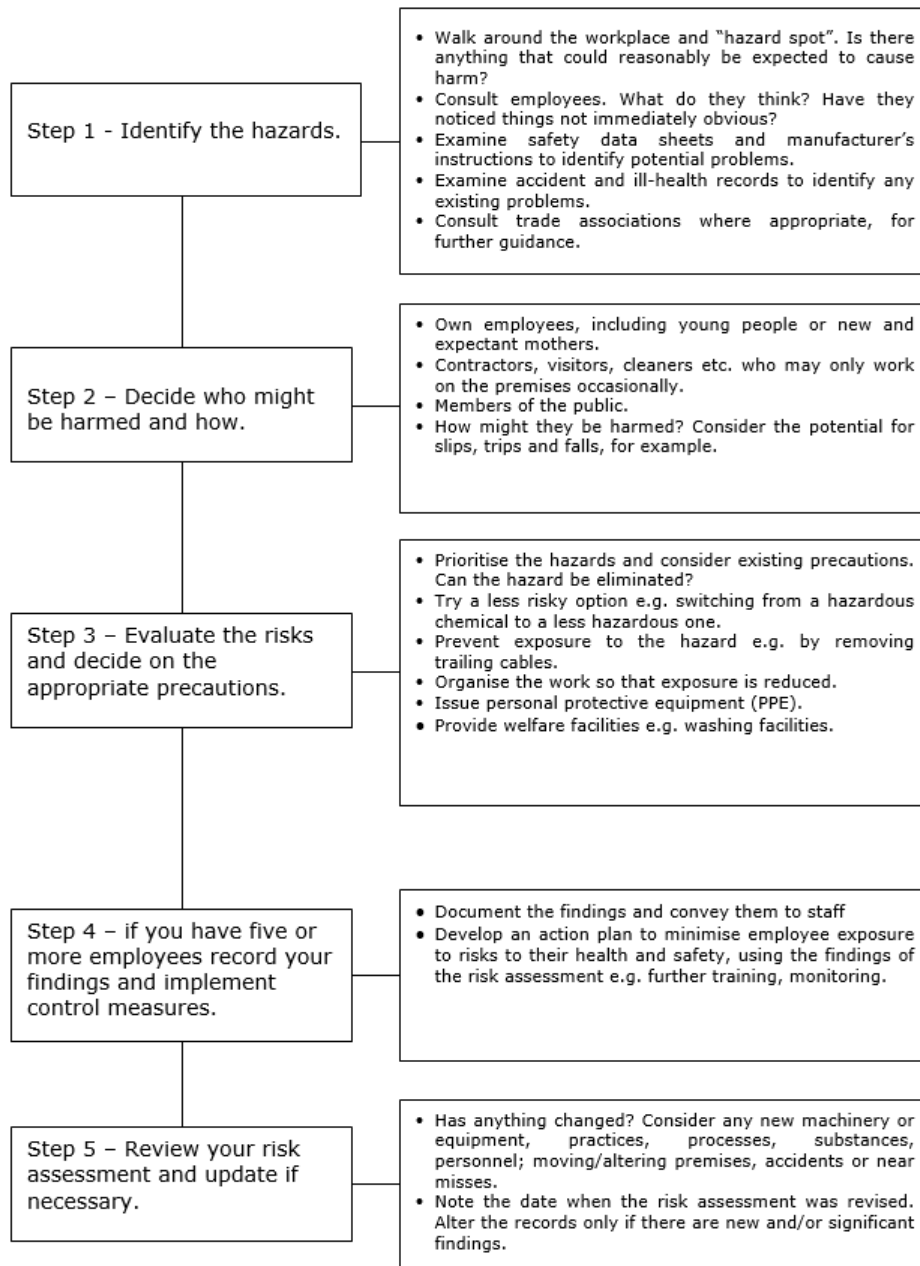
Employees must:–

- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of workplace risk assessments
- Follow any training, information, guidance and instructions given by employer
- Comply with any control measures laid down within risk assessments
- Report any hazards or defects to the employer immediately
- Make full and proper use of any PPE provided.

## Risk Assessment Flow Chart



# Risk Assessment Process



# Safety Signs

## Description

Safety signs include the use of illuminated signs, hand and acoustic signals (e.g. fire alarms), spoken communication and the marking of pipe work containing dangerous substances. Traditional signboards such as prohibition and warning signs may need to be supplemented to comply with more specific legislation e.g. photo luminescent signs for fire exits and fire-fighting equipment.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd will provide specific safety signs whenever there is a risk that cannot be avoided or controlled by other means, for instance by engineering controls and safe systems of work. Where a safety sign would not help to reduce that risk, or where the risk is not significant, there is no need to provide a sign.

All safety signs are colour coded and each colour has a meaning, for example: -

- White circle with red edging and a diagonal line indicates **PROHIBITED** e.g. no smoking



- Blue signs indicate that it is **MANDATORY** to carry out an action, e.g. the wearing of personal protective equipment



- A triangular sign with black edging and a yellow background indicates **WARNING** of a hazard and would normally contain a black pictogram, e.g. radiation



- Green signs identify or locate safety equipment as well as marking emergency escape routes.



### Employees Responsibilities

- Familiarise yourself and comply with any signs and notices that are displayed
- Bring any defects to the employer's attention
- Follow safe operating procedures
- Wear relevant personal protective equipment as identified.

# **Smoking In The Workplace**

## Description

Second-hand or passive smoking has now been shown to cause lung cancer and heart disease in non-smokers. In addition, tobacco smoke is a cause of discomfort and irritation to many people, particularly those suffering from respiratory illnesses such as asthma, and may lead to increased absence.

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd will comply with statutory duties in respect of smoking in the workplace and, in particular, fulfil obligations to assess the risks associated with smoking in the workplace. Effective measures to prevent or control any ill health effects or accidents arising from such activity will be applied.

This policy is not concerned with the right of individuals to smoke but with where they smoke whilst on Granicus-Firmstep Ltd's premises and with due regard to the effects this may have upon the health and wellbeing of others.

## Associated Hazards

- Health risks including stroke, cancers and heart disease
- Fire damage to building and associated risks to those in and around the premises.

**Note:** the above list of hazards associated with smoking is not exhaustive.

## Employees Responsibilities

In order for Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to control the hazards associated with the effects of second hand smoke on non-smokers and to reduce the risks of fire, compliance with our arrangements for smoking is critical to the safety of everyone. Employees must:-

- Adhere to our arrangements for smoking, follow instructions and comply with 'No Smoking' signage
- Not smoke in any area or vehicle that is designated as 'Non-Smoking'
- To take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves and others.

Any employee who refuses to comply with the smoking policy may be in breach of employment law and subject to disciplinary action.

## **Social Distancing**

### Description

Social Distancing is a Public Health measure introduced to reduce the spread of the highly infectious Covid-19 virus which is the causative agent in the current global pandemic.

Social Distancing measures are in place throughout the whole of society, but it is the responsibility of Granicus-Firmstep Ltd to ensure that Social Distancing measures can be implemented and maintained wherever possible throughout the workplace and across all work activities.

Adherence to Social Distancing measures is one of the primary means of controlling the risk of transmission of this infection alongside effective hand and respiratory hygiene measures.

It involves keeping a safe social distance from other persons at all times where possible. In circumstances where it is not possible to maintain this safe social distance there must be further controls in place to reduce the risk.

As social distancing is the primary control for managing Covid-19 transmission, interactions with other people should be eliminated or reduced as much as possible. Where able to, a 2m distance should be maintained between people and where this is not possible the distance should be as far as possible and will require additional measures to reduce the risk of transmission.

The required social distance for businesses is regularly reviewed by the relevant Governments and it is vital that this is reflected in reviewed risk assessments and working practices.

### Associated Hazards

Whilst the full extent of the consequences of acquiring the Covid-19 infection are not yet known the range of outcomes include- mild flu-like symptoms such as cough, fever, aches and malaise, (loss of sense of taste or smell) through to serious respiratory distress syndrome, organ failure and death.

### **Employees Responsibilities**

- To take care of themselves and others in the workplace where activities give rise to the potential for Covid-19 infection.
- Adhere to Social Distancing at all times by following instructions, signage, markings and training.
- Observe good hygiene practices at all times with frequent hand washing or sanitising for at least 20 seconds- including before and after eating, touching the face, touching common touched surfaces such as buttons, dials, handrail and handles, coughing and sneezing.

- Carry out good respiratory hygiene practices including catching coughs and sneezes in tissues which are disposed of correctly followed by good hand hygiene afterwards.
- Follow the further controls in the risk assessment and work plan methods to ensure that where Social Distancing cannot be maintained the risk is reduced by other means.
- Use, store and dispose of the appropriate PPE and RPE in accordance with training and manufacturers guidelines.
- Report if they feel unwell at work with any of the Covid-19 symptoms and go directly home and follow the current Government / NHS guidance. <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/self-isolation-and-treatment/when-to-self-isolate-and-what-to-do/>
- Not attend work if they should be self-isolating due to displaying symptoms or residing with someone who is displaying symptoms, if they have been contacted by NHS Test and Trace and asked to isolate or if they are required to due to recent travel and quarantine requirements. Duration of isolation should be determined from up to date government information.
- Report any concerns or issues relating to non-conformance with Social Distancing in the workplace.
- Attend Covid-19 tests where there is a requirement to do so.



# **Stress**

## Description

It is Granicus-Firmstep Ltd's policy to address all work-related illnesses and in particular stress, to control, reduce or eliminate so far as is reasonably practicable.

The Health and Safety Executive has defined health and safety as both the physical and mental wellbeing of all persons employed by the company. We recognise that our personnel are the organisation's most valuable assets and that any problem associated with work-related stress is a management duty.

A certain amount of stress provides high motivation, a positive outlook and good performance. However, it is when these personal levels are exceeded that detrimental health effects may appear. Whilst stress-related problems of short duration often resolve themselves, it is the long-term stresses that the company aim to address.

Through the risk assessment process, Granicus-Firmstep Ltd will continue to identify hazards and assess all mental and physical risks to health and safety with the objective of reducing them, as far as is reasonably practicable.

The main problem with stress is the self-realisation that we are actively suffering from it! Others affected by our stress symptoms tend to shy away from broaching the subject as it may be construed as interference or just being nosy. Stress is usually brought about by an accumulation of minor irritations that cannot be resolved in the time scale we wish and/or with the desired outcome. However, there may be one single event or set of circumstances that combine to provide the additional stress overload.

Some examples are:-

Possible environmental stressors include noise, temperature, overcrowding and humidity.

Possible work-related stressors include working to tight deadlines, overwork and change to organisation. Other issues that may have an impact include: -

- Under challenged
- Promotion prospects
- Racial or sexist remarks
- Personal relationships with other employees
- Travelling
- Job satisfaction
- Harassment and confrontation.

Stress counselling can often have a stigma that it is only for the 'weak' or 'mentally ill', however the reverse is actually true.

It may be difficult to talk to a colleague about the problem face to face, as it might be this relationship that is the cause. It is our policy that all employees can approach management to raise concerns relating to stress. All conversations will be addressed in the strictest confidence and we will try and assist any individuals suffering from stress.

# **Violence And Aggression**

## Description

Granicus-Firmstep Ltd recognises the difficulties in managing violence and aggression at work and aims to put in place steps to identify and minimise risks to support employees and monitor incidents to help address any potential problems.

The Health and Safety Executive's definition of work-related violence is any incident in which a person is abused, threatened or assaulted in circumstances relating to their work. Employees whose job requires them to deal with the public can be at risk from violence.

## Associated Hazards

- Physical attacks
- Verbal abuse
- Low morale
- Depression
- Stress.

## Employees Responsibilities

Employees will: -

- Attend appropriate training sessions if they are deemed to be at risk at work from violence or aggression
- Report any incidents of violent or threatening behaviour to the employer
- After any violent incident, employees are advised to complete an incident report form regarding the event. This form outlines who has been involved along with details of the situation that lead to the incident occurring
- Co-operate with management arrangements for dealing with violence and aggression at work.

## **Visit By An Enforcement Officer**

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and associated legislation conveys powers on inspectors who are appointed by the relevant enforcing authority, in order that they ensure statutory requirements are being complied with.

Most dealings with those on whom the law places duties (employers, the self employed, employees and others) are informal - inspectors offer information, advice and support, both face to face and in writing. They may also use formal enforcement mechanisms, as set out in health and safety law, including improvement notices where a contravention needs to be remedied and prohibition notices where there is a risk of serious personal injury, or ultimately prosecution.

Non-compliance can lead to prosecution but this is always seen as the last step in the process, except for:-

- Failure to comply with an Improvement or Prohibition Notice
- Breach of the law that has significant potential for harm, regardless of whether it caused an injury
- Reckless disregard for the health and safety of workers or others
- Repeated breaches of legal requirements where it appears that management is neither willing nor structured to deal with adequately
- Substantial legal contravention, where there has been a serious accident or a case of ill health.

### Employees Responsibilities Include:-

- Not obstructing any reasonable request made by an Enforcement Officer
- Complying and co-operating with requests by the officer
- Follow instruction and guidance given by your employer.

# **Waste Disposal**

## Description

This arrangement covers the general waste generated by the company in the carrying out of workplace activities but not those related to the disposal of waste food by retail premises.

## Associated Hazards

- Build up of combustibles presenting a fire hazard
- Health hazard due to possible vermin infestation
- Poor housekeeping presents a tripping hazard.

## Employees Responsibilities

- To dispose of waste as instructed
- To inform management if an activity produces waste that has not been previously identified or removed from site so that the relevant steps can be taken for safe removal
- Not to climb onto skips or other waste receptacles
- To inform management if waste receptacles are full and need emptying
- Not to remove items from waste receptacles and take or use for personal use.

# **Welfare**

## Description

The provision of welfare in the workplace should be taken seriously; it applies to all areas including the common parts of shared buildings, private roads and paths on industrial estates, business parks and temporary work sites.

Welfare provisions will also be provided for those people who are not employees but may use the premises on an infrequent basis e.g. visitors and contractors.

For disabled persons it may be necessary to specifically make parts of the workplace accessible for their use e.g. toilets, washbasins, doors, passageways etc.

## Employees Responsibilities

The welfare facilities provided and maintained by Granicus-Firmstep Ltd are for the benefit of all employees and visitors. Employees have a responsibility to use the facilities in a proper manner and not damage or misuse any equipment that is provided.

Personal responsibility should be taken for clearing your own waste and cleaning any utensils when eating or drinking on the premises. Any damage or defects should be reported immediately to enable attention and repair.

# **Woodworking Equipment**

## Description of Activity

Due to the nature of work involving woodworking machines, there is a significant risk of injury or ill health. Woodworking equipment includes, lathes, pedestal drills, routers, guillotines, vertical spindle moulders, circular saws and surface planers etc.

## Associated Hazards

- Contact with moving parts
- Ejection of materials
- Sharp objects
- Kickback and snatching
- Noise and vibration
- Dust and other hazardous substances
- Fire and explosion.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Take care of themselves and others whilst using woodworking equipment and to also:-
- Follow training, guidance and instruction given, to prevent injury or ill health
- Use all personal protective equipment and other safety related equipment, such as guards, push sticks, jigs, workpiece holders, take off tables etc.
- Check the equipment before and during use for any faults and check that it is correctly adjusted
- Do not remove, loosen or tamper with machine guards
- Do not attempt to access any moving parts or blades without the machine being isolated
- Do not wear loose fitting clothing, jewellery and have hair tied back
- Do not operate hand-fed machinery if nobody else is present in the workshop
- Only undertake work and maintenance activity you have been trained to carry out
- Co-operate with management arrangements for health and safety.

**Note:** - Employees are reminded that, if they find any defects, faults, hazardous or dangerous situations with work equipment, then they must: -

- Stop the work safely
- Isolate the equipment
- Report the defect to their supervisor.

Equipment that has been identified as "Unsafe to use" should be labelled as such and taken out of service.



# **Work At Height**

## Description

Working at height is considered to be work in any place where there is a risk of falling and causing personal injury, even if it is below ground. In the UK, falls from height account for the largest cause of fatalities and are one of the main causes of major injury.

## Associated Hazards

- Falls of persons and materials
- Collapse of work equipment.

## Employees Responsibilities

- Do not access height unless you are suitably trained and competent
- Follow the control measures as detailed in the risk assessments, method statements and where applicable, permits to work
- Use the equipment provided following specific training or instructions in its use
- Wear all personal protective equipment (PPE) that is required by risk assessment and local site rules
- Employees must never throw anything from height.

# **Workplace Transport**

## Description

The effective management of workplace transport is crucial as the potential risk is great, especially where pedestrians and vehicles mix.

The management of workplace traffic falls into three distinct categories: -

- Managing external traffic movement
- Managing internal traffic movement
- Managing pedestrian traffic.

Accidents can occur when vehicles collide with other structures but the main concern is avoiding contact between pedestrians and vehicles as this accounts for hundreds of fatalities each year and many more serious injuries. All persons who operate vehicles in the workplace must be medically fit and trained in the safe operation of the vehicles they will be using. The vehicles must be maintained in a safe condition with regular checks being carried out by the operator and a competent service engineer.

## Employees Responsibilities Include:-

- Being vigilant and conscious of the presence of pedestrians and other vehicles
- Following instructions from management
- Adhering to signs and procedures relating to direction, speed, parking, reversing, loading and unloading etc
- Reporting to management any defects or fault with the practises in place
- Notifying management of any condition, medical or otherwise, that may have an impact on their entitlement or ability to drive safely.



